

Bruno Friedmann

serialism extended

or

the tunnel project

ircam forum, march 2019

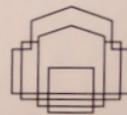


# das gedächtnis der struktur

**Der Komponist Pierre Boulez**

Hans-Klaus Jungheinrich (Hg.)

edition neue zeitschrift für musik



ALTE OPER  
FRANKFURT

## the memory of structures

proceedings of  
Boulez-Symposium, 19/09/2009,  
*Alte Oper*, Frankfurt am Main

What is a memory of a structure?

How does a „series' memory“  
affect the resulting music?

# statements

- in this book, **Pierre Boulez** stated: “serialism was a tunnel of 2 years, to reach virgin soil”
- **Ligeti**: “... the more tight the net of operations with pre-ordered material, the higher the extend of levelling of the results.”
- **Lachenmann**: „... subordination of the expressive affects under the aspect of the structural idea ... because rigorous ordering systems have been dissolved the usual expressive effects a priori: quasi serialised it away.
- in the end: serialism is not to perceive, so, it sounds somehow random ...

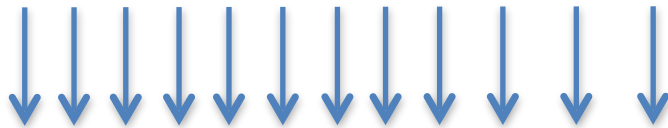
resulting question:

—> does extended serialism also  
extend randomness un-expressiveness  
and down-levelling?

# Dodecaphony

expl.: Pierre Boulez, Sonatine

f f# g g# a a# b c c# d d# e

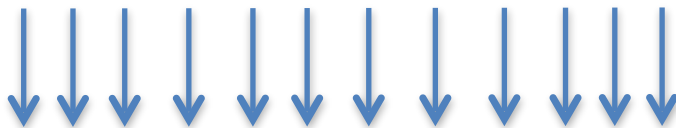


ordered pitch (classes)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

1 2 6 12 5 9 10 4 11 3 8 7

**prime or basic row** with 12 elements (example)



mapped to entities,

f f# bb e a c# d ab eb g c b **to pitch classes**

basic row            1 2 6 12 5 9 10 4 11 3 8 7    and the usual transformations:

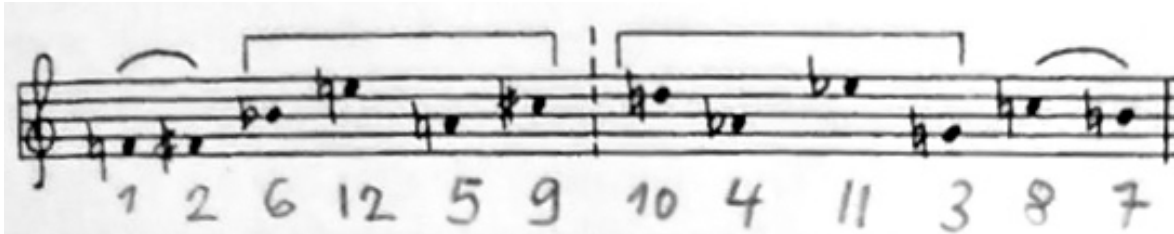
inversion (I),     1 12 8 2 9 5 4 10 3 11 6 7

retrograde (R),   7 8 3 11 4 10 9 5 12 6 2 1

retrograde  
inversion (RI)     7 6 11 3 10 4 5 9 2 8 12 1

# Dodecaphony

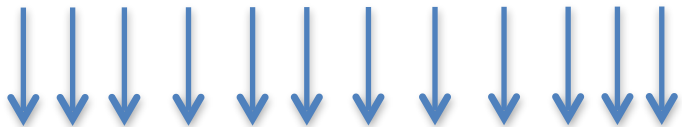
expl.: Pierre Boulez, Sonatine



taken from: Susanne Gärtner,  
in: Das Gedächtnis der Struktur

Pierre Boulez: *Sonatine*, Reihe (1946, published 1954)

**1 2 6 12 5 9 10 4 11 3 8 7** row with 12 elements



mapped to entities,

f f# bb e a c# d ab eb g c b the pitch classes

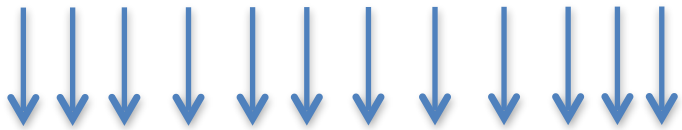
# (integral or total) Serialism



taken from:  
Wikipedia: Serialism

Olivier Messiaen's unordered series for pitch, duration, dynamics and articulation from the pre-serial *Mode de valeurs et d'intensités* (1949)

1 2 6 12 5 9 10 4 11 3 8 7 row with 12 elements



mapped to entities,

?

the pitch classes, dynamic levels, durations, modes of attack, articulations, timbres, ...

example: P. Boulez, Structures I

# Pierre Boulez, Structure Ia (1951)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<i>pppp</i>	<i>ppp</i>	<i>pp</i>	<i>p</i>	<i>quasi p</i>	<i>mp</i>	<i>mf</i>	<i>quasi f</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>ff</i>	<i>fff</i>	<i>ffff</i>
				<i>normale</i>			<i>sf</i> 				

serialised:  
 pitches  
 durations  
 dynamics  
 attack

taken from:  
 Pluspedia.org: Structures I

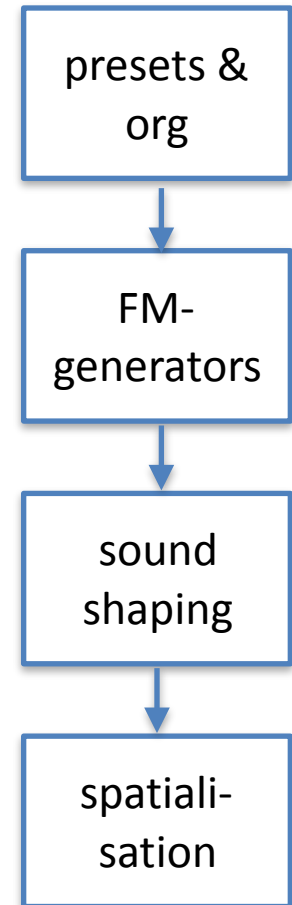
Twelve-tone technique,  
Dodecaphony:  
mapping a 12-number row  
to chromatic pitch classes

**Serialism:**  
mapping a n-number row  
to different parameters

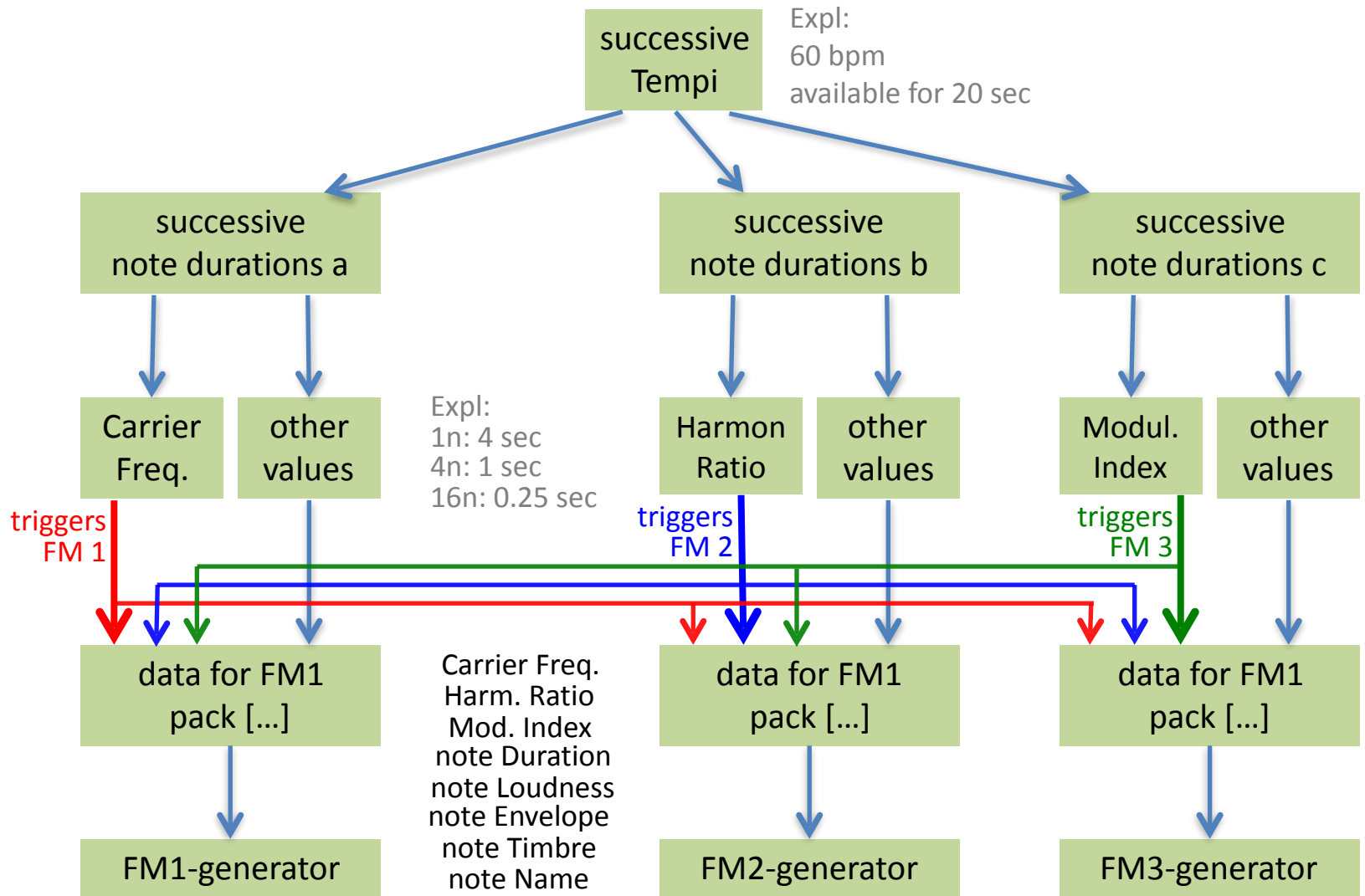


# the tunnel project

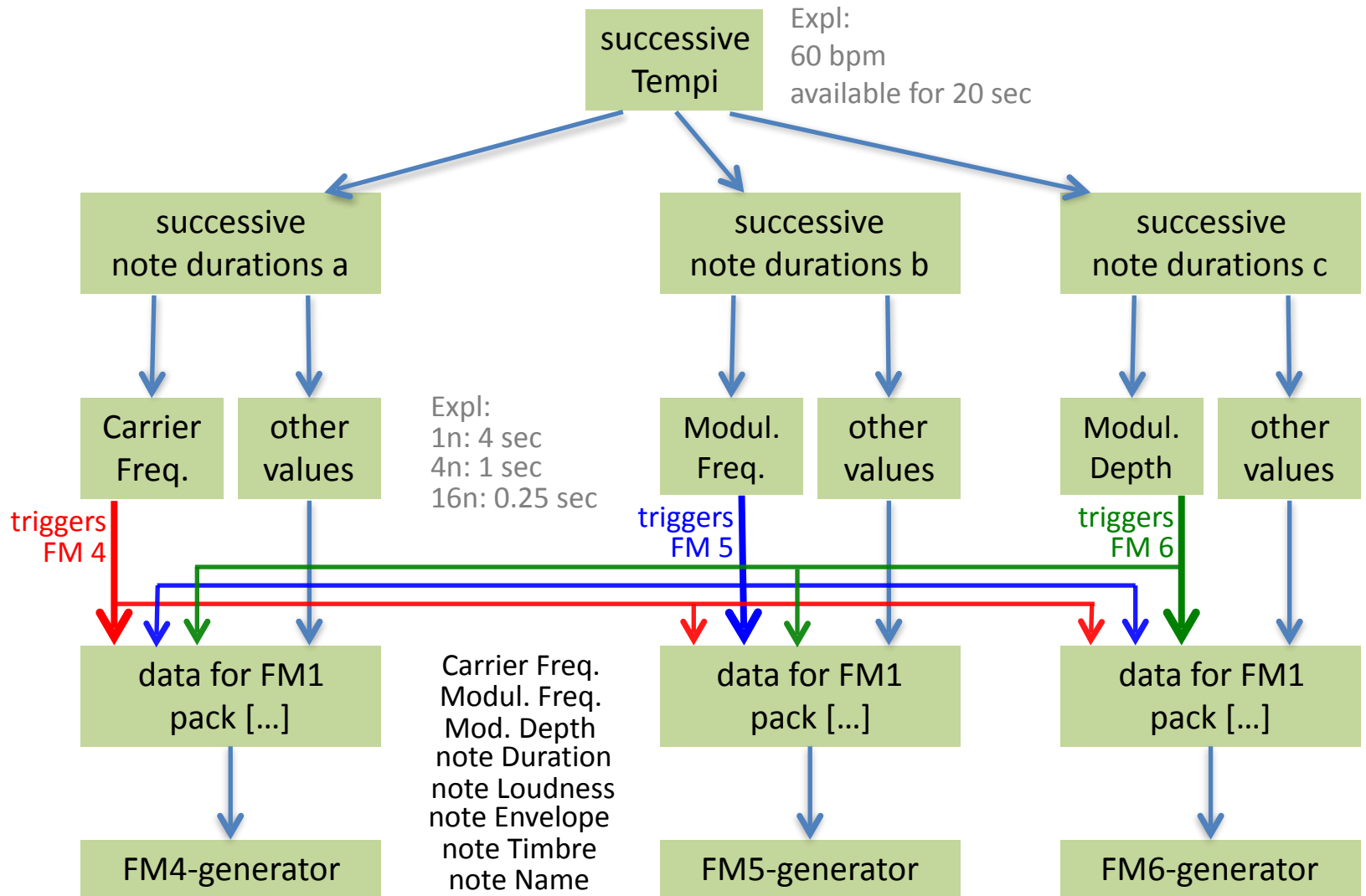
- an algorithmic software composition (Max/MSP), based on the (main) rules of serialism
- many parameters should be serialised by one serial row with **arbitrary length**,
- **transformations** (revers, invers, revers-invers) are also used
- two triples of **FM generators** create the sound
- these will be envelope-shaped (serialised)
- and **spatialised** (SPAT); (serialised)



# 1<sup>st</sup> tripple of FM generators



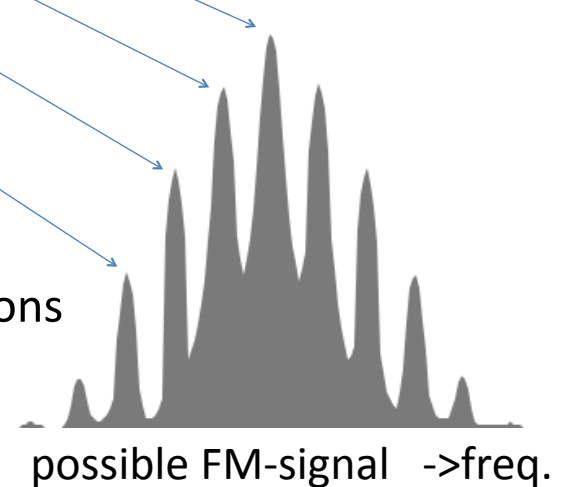
# 2<sup>nd</sup> tripple of FM generators



# parameters of FM generators

- $$\begin{aligned}
 \text{FM}(t) &= A_c \cos(\omega_c t + A_m \sin(\omega_m t)) \\
 &= A_0(B) \cos(\omega_c t) \\
 &\quad - A_1(B) (\cos((\omega_c - \omega_m)t) - \cos((\omega_c + \omega_m)t)) \\
 &\quad + A_2(B) (\cos((\omega_c - 2\omega_m)t) + \cos((\omega_c + 2\omega_m)t)) \\
 &\quad - A_3(B) (\cos((\omega_c - 3\omega_m)t) - \cos((\omega_c + 3\omega_m)t)) \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

- $\omega_c$  : carrier frequency
- $\omega_m$  : modulation frequency
- $A_c$  : Amplitude of carrier frequency
- $A_m$  : modulation depth (sort of frequency)
- $A_{0_{123}}$  : Amplitudes depending on Bessel functions



# serialised parameters

- *presets*
  - *range of tempi*
  - *range of frequencies, 6 FM parameters*
- sound organisation
  - tempi *b*
  - durations of tempi *r*
  - which FM-sound sources are active;  $\leq 6$  *ir*
  - durations of sound sources active *i*
- sound generation *6 times*
  - notes *r* (&init *ir*)
  - FM parameters (&init)
  - timbre factors (&init)
- sound design
  - loudness (&init)
  - envelopes (&init)
- spatialisation
  - movements of 6 sources, every source individual (&init)

needed algorithms  
to extend the “classical” serialism

- How to serialise a continuum, like a frequency range (0. Hz – 1000. Hz) or loudness (0. – 1.), etc.
- How to fit the matching of a given series and a definite amount of entities
- How to support a “memory of the structure of a serial row”

# how to serialise a continuum

Basic row: 2 3 1 4

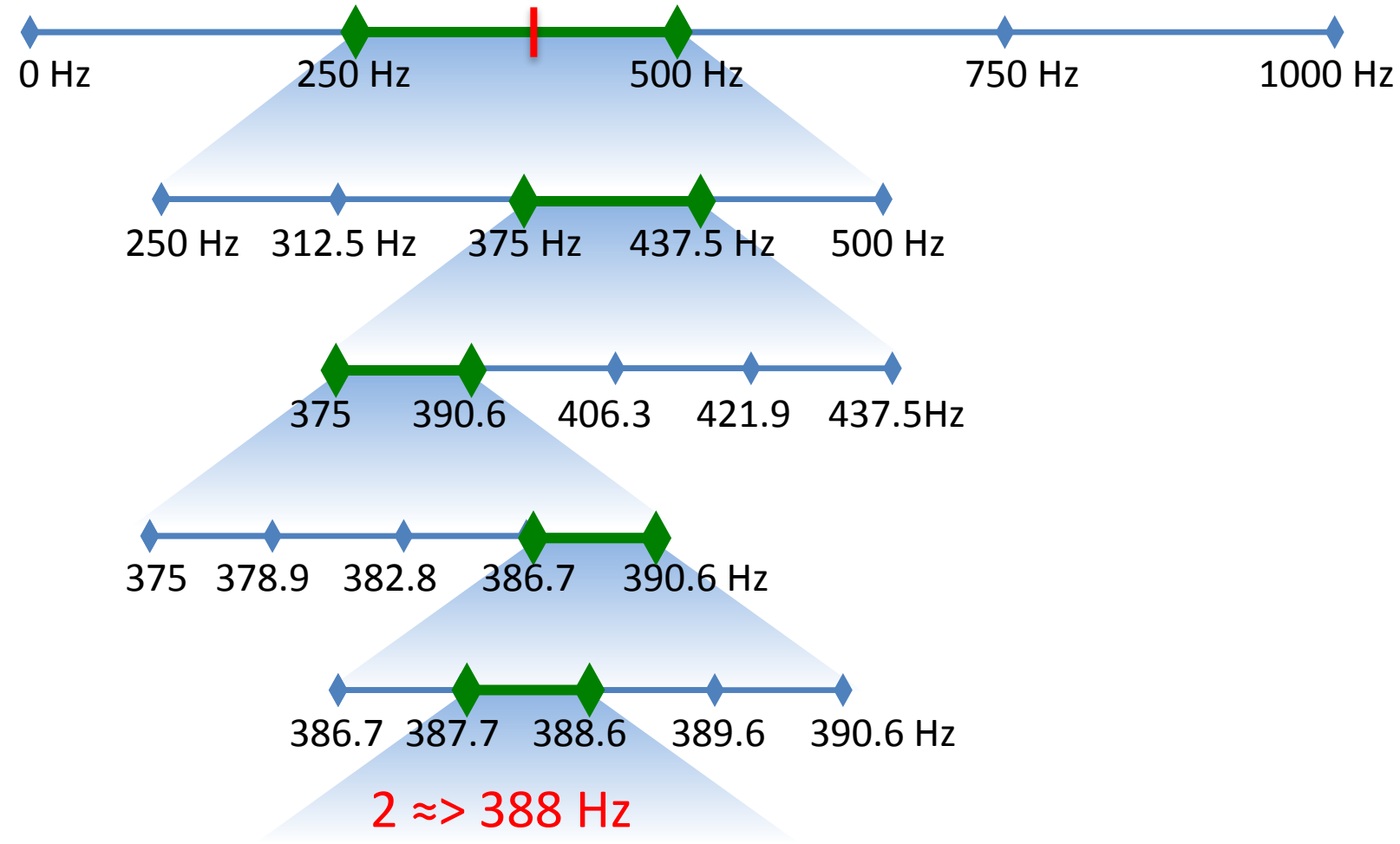


not really acceptable:

for rows with N numbers (expl: N=12) you have always the same entities (expl: 12 frequencies) no matter how the series is organised

# how to serialise a continuum

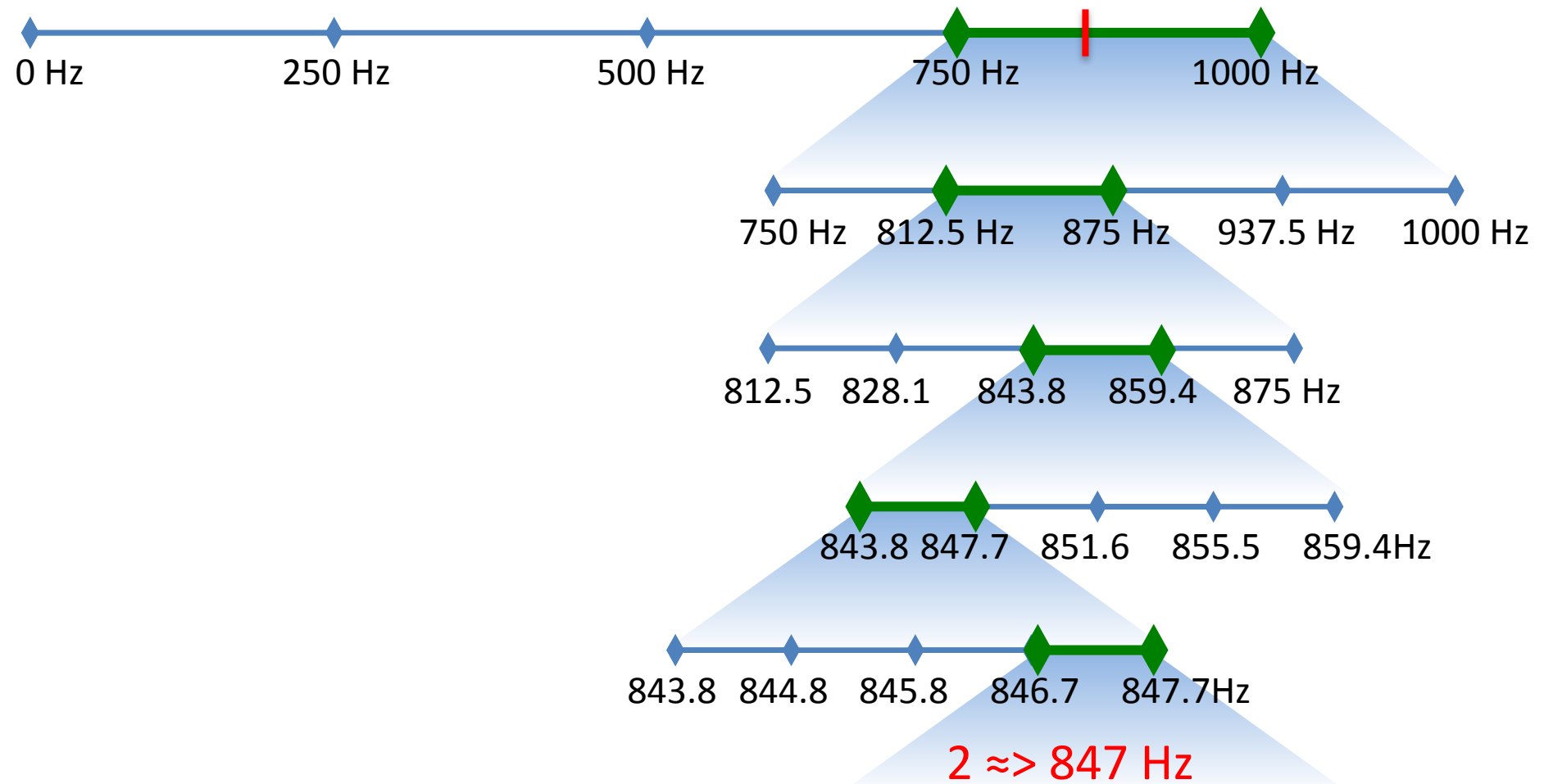
Basic row: 2 3 1 4





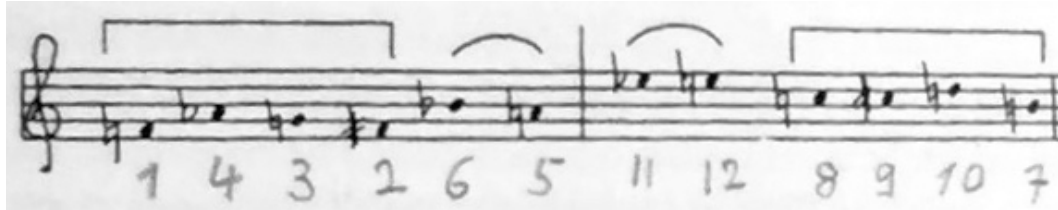
# how to serialise a continuum

Basic row: 2 3 1 4



# expl: A. Webern, Symphonie op. 21

1 4 3 2 6 5 11 12 8 9 10 7 (2 parts, Pali)



taken from: Susanne Gärtner,  
in: Das Gedächtnis der Struktur

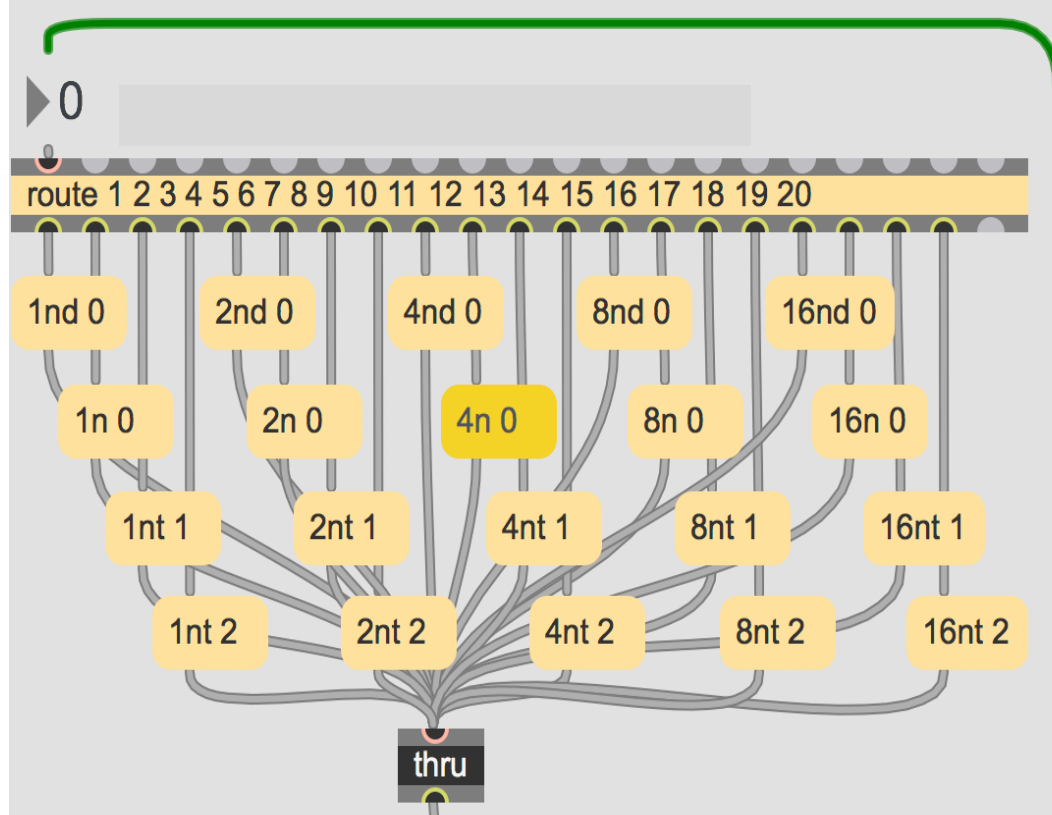
mapped to a frequency range of 30 – 3000 Hz:

- 1 4 3 2 6 5 **11 12** 8 9 10 7 (original)
  - 95.52 816.24 554.92 389.07
  - 1368.86 1246.26 2745.17 2911.99
  - 1943.83 2205.98 2381.71 1520.46
- 1 4 3 2 6 5 **12 11** 8 9 10 7 (changed)
  - 95.52 816.24 554.93 389.2
  - 1370.43 1265.17 2972.04 2664.49**
  - 1943.83 2205.98 2381.71 1520.46
- 1 4 3 2 6 **11 5** 12 8 9 10 7 (changed)
  - 95.53 816.31 555.71 398.52
  - 1482.29 2607.51 1260.17** 2911.99
  - 1943.83 2205.98 2381.71 1520.46

expl:

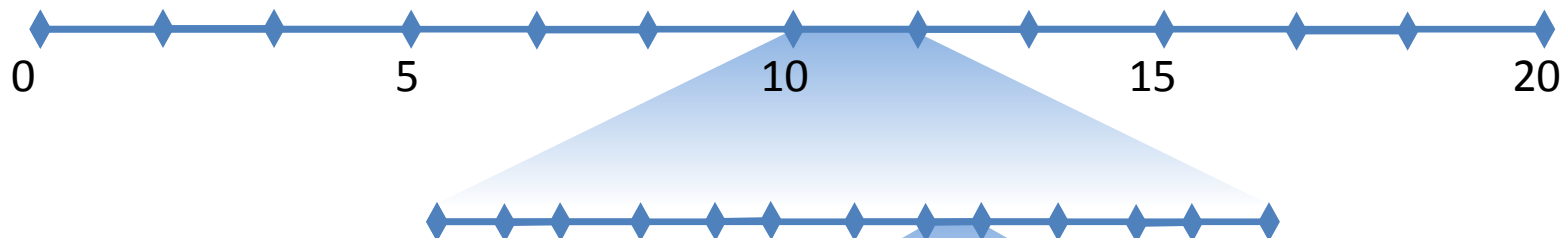
20 notes given

- row with N=24
- row with N=12



N=12

revers row PB, Sonatine: 7 8 3 11 4 10 9 5 12 6 2 1



number of the entities (notes) of PB', Sonatine: 11 12 5 17 16 14 9 19 9 2 1



# spatialisation

- the source position in a 2D-space is defined by x/y, each dimension is determined by a series,
- with b, i, r, ir, there are 12 x/y combinations
- 6 of them, again, are defined by a certain series via serialisation

# spatialisation serialised,

expl: P. Boulez, Sonatine

- every source has it's own movement path

- **example 1:**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12 (index)	
– basic row:	1	2	6	12	5	9	10	4	11	3	8	7 (Boulez)
revers row:	7	8	3	11	4	10	9	5	12	6	2	1

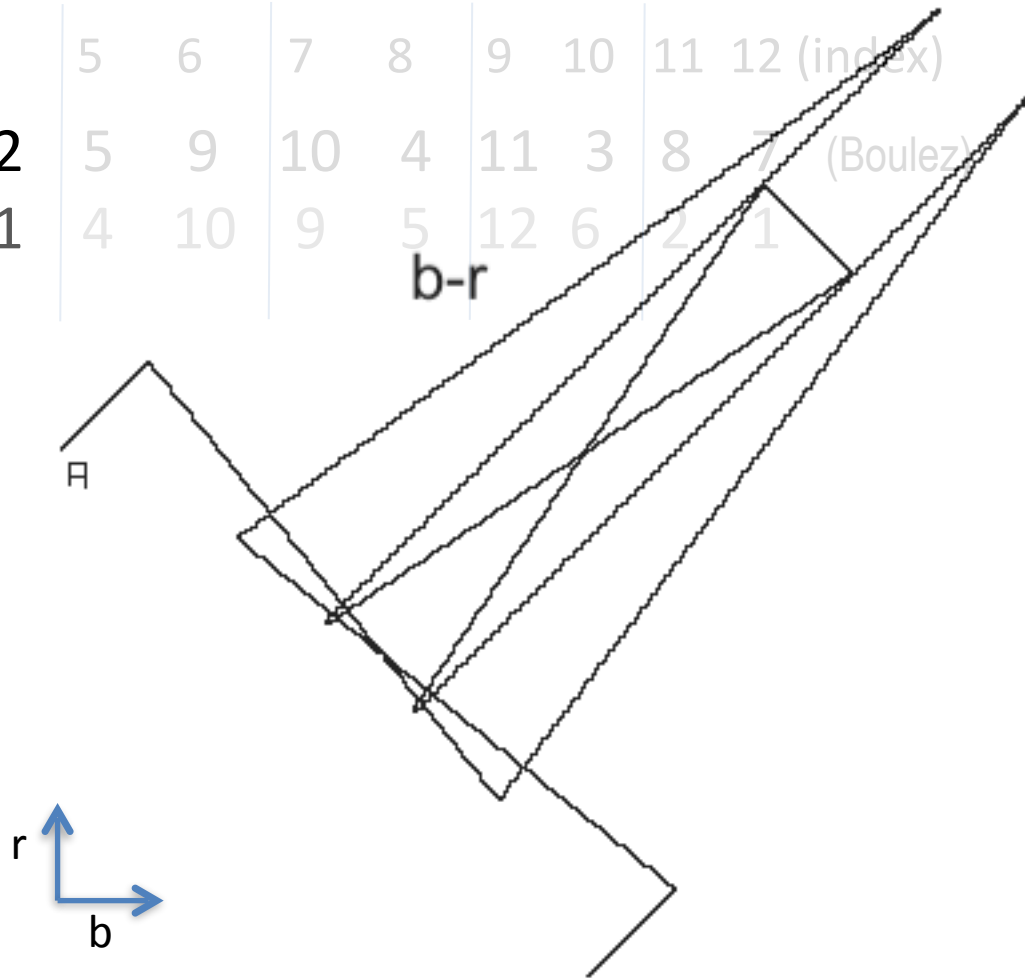
# spatialisation serialised,

expl: P. Boulez, Sonatine

- every source has it's own movement path

• **example 1:**

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12 (index)
– <b>basic row:</b>	1	2	6	12	5	9	10	4	11	3	8	7 (Boulez)
<b>revers row:</b>	7	8	3	11	4	10	9	5	12	6	2	1



# spatialisation serialised,

expl: P. Boulez, Sonatine

- every source has it's own movement path

- **example 2:**

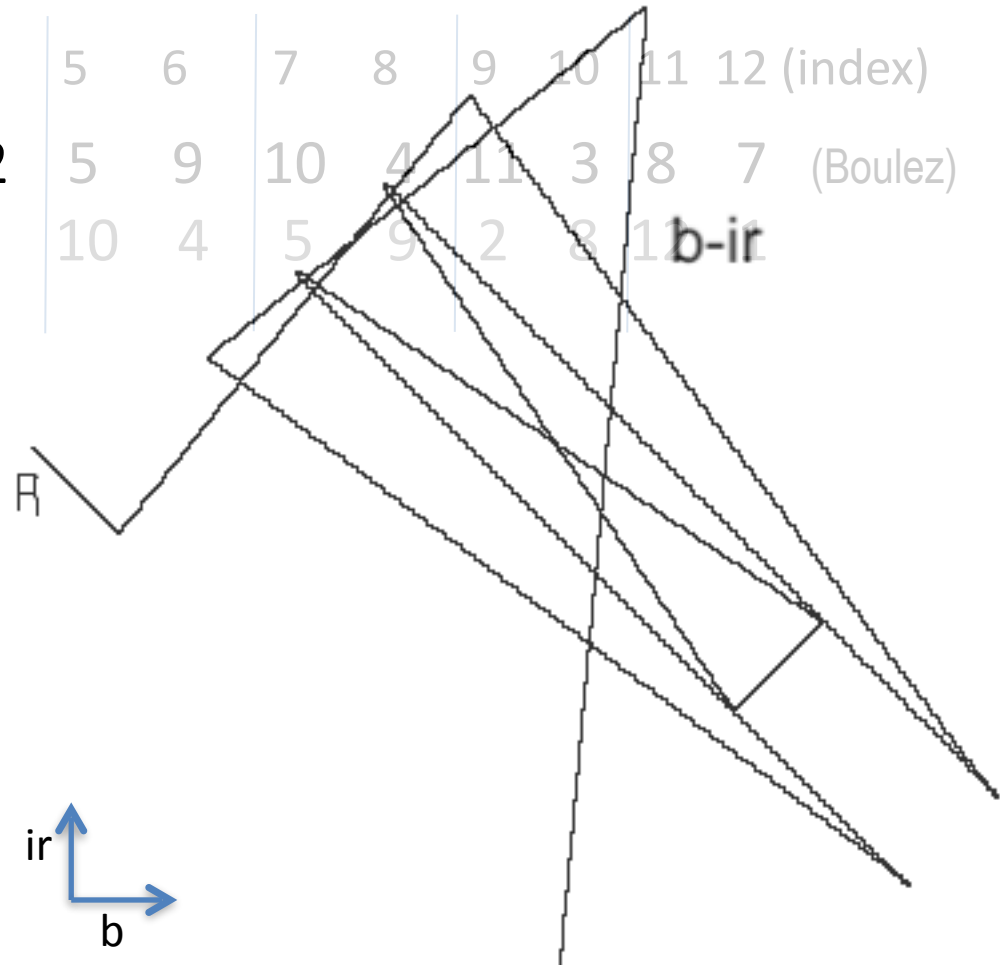
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12 (index)
– <b>basic row:</b>	1	2	6	12	5	9	10	4	11	3	8	7 (Boulez)
inv-rev row:	7	6	11	3	10	4	5	9	2	8	12	1

# spatialisation serialised, expl: P. Boulez, Sonatine

- every source has it's own movement path

- **example 2:**

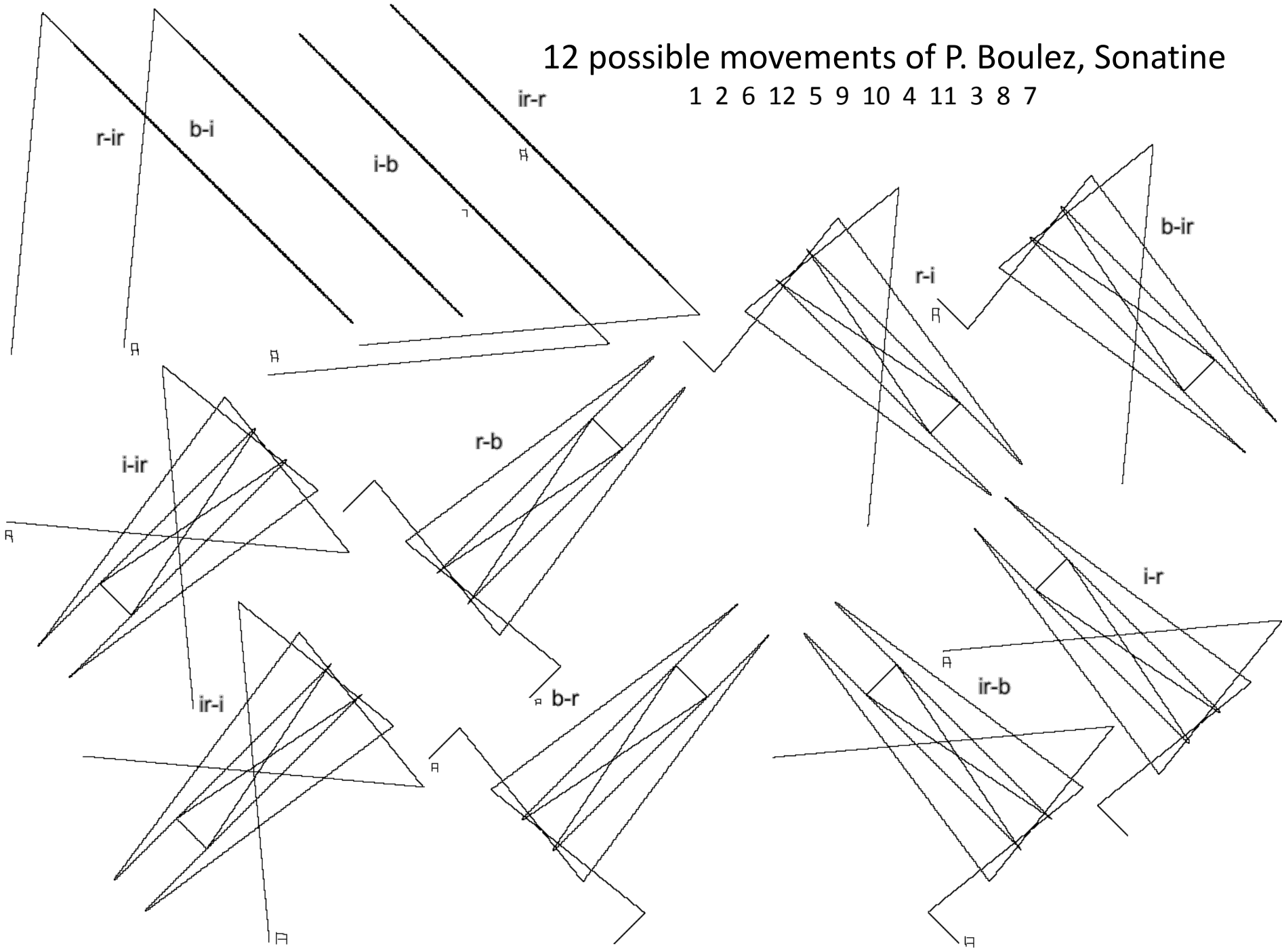
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12 (index)
1	2	6	12	5	9	10	4	11	3	8	7 (Boulez)
7	6	11	3	10	4	5	9	2	8	11	<b>b-ir</b>





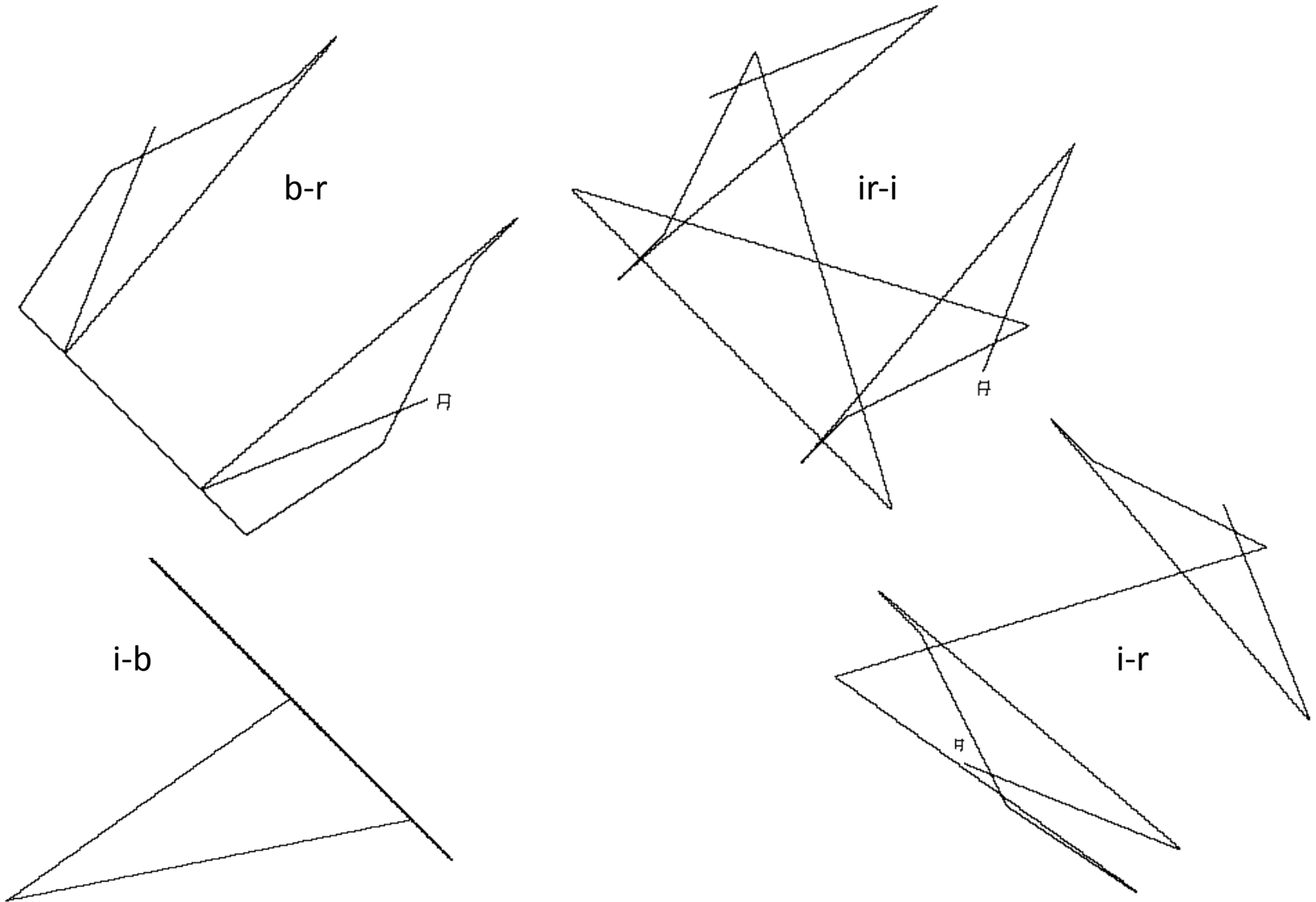
# 12 possible movements of P. Boulez, Sonatine

1 2 6 12 5 9 10 4 11 3 8 7



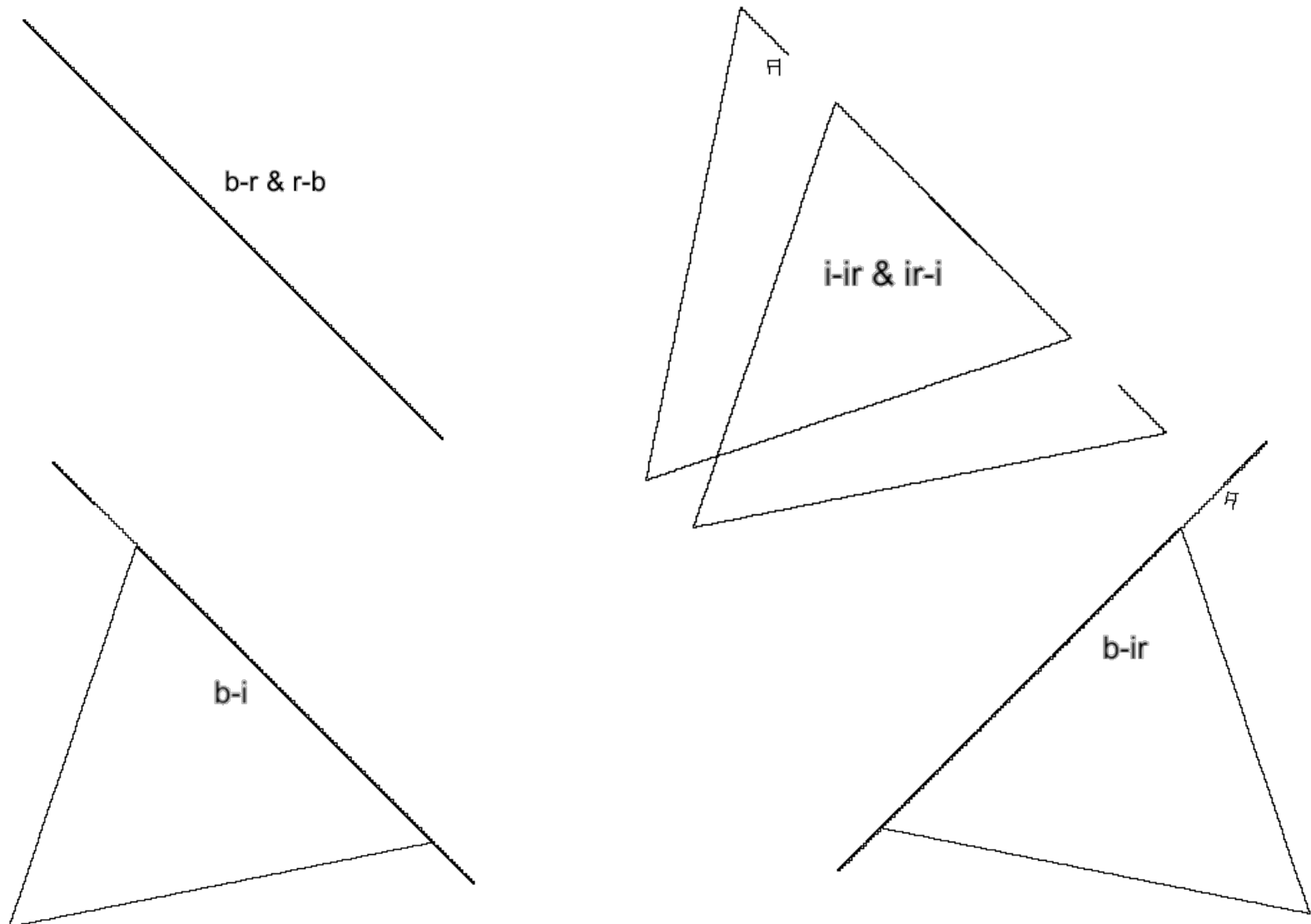
# A. Schönberg, Klavierk. op.33a

10 5 12 11 9 6 1 3 7 8 2 4



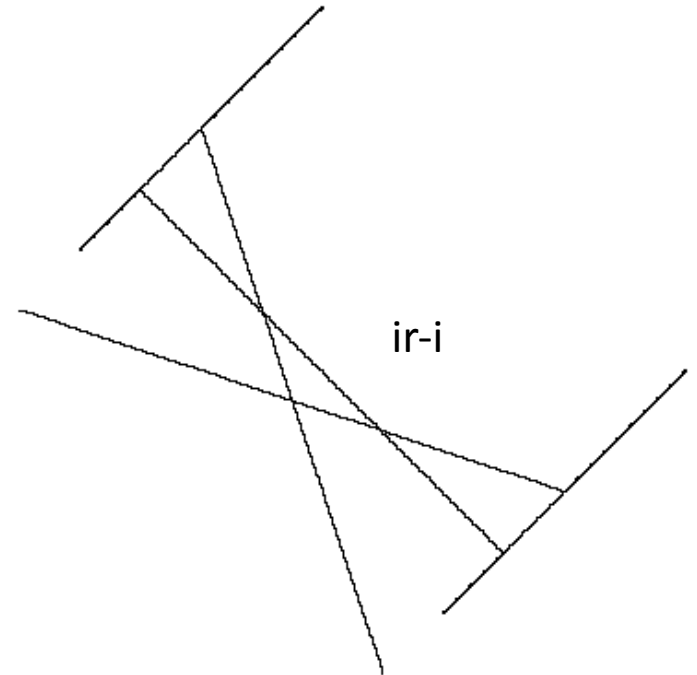
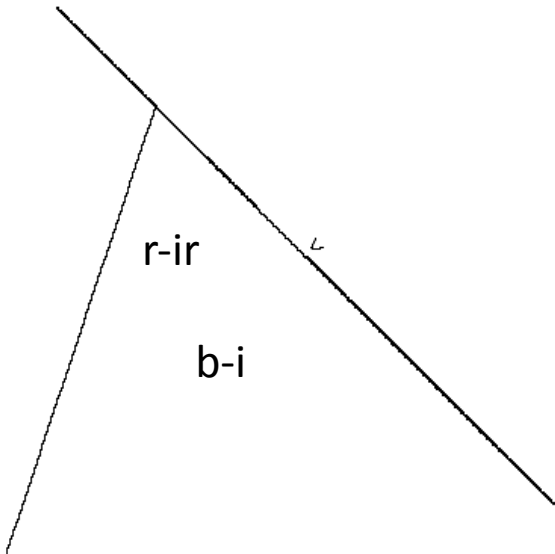
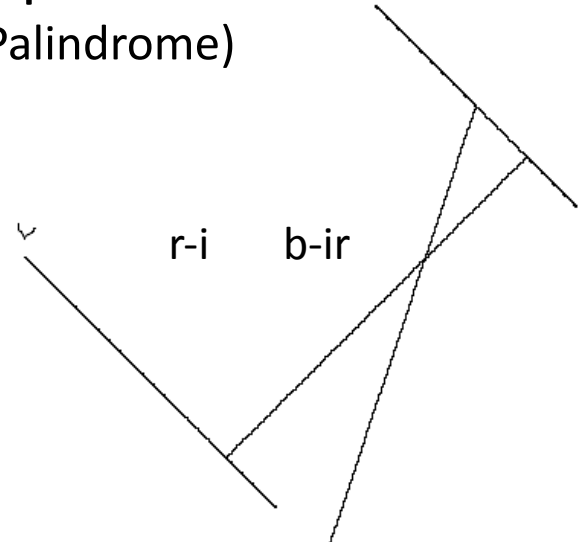
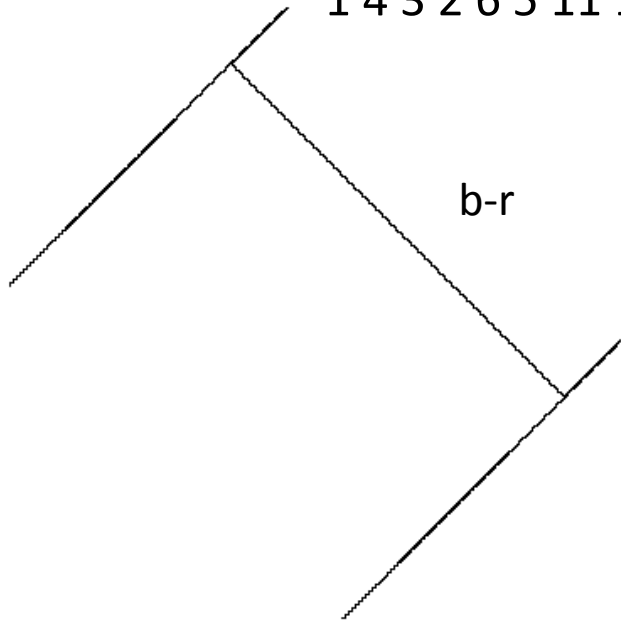
# A. Schönberg, Serenade op.24 S5

10 11 1 4 5 7 6 8 9 12 2 3 (Palindrome invers)



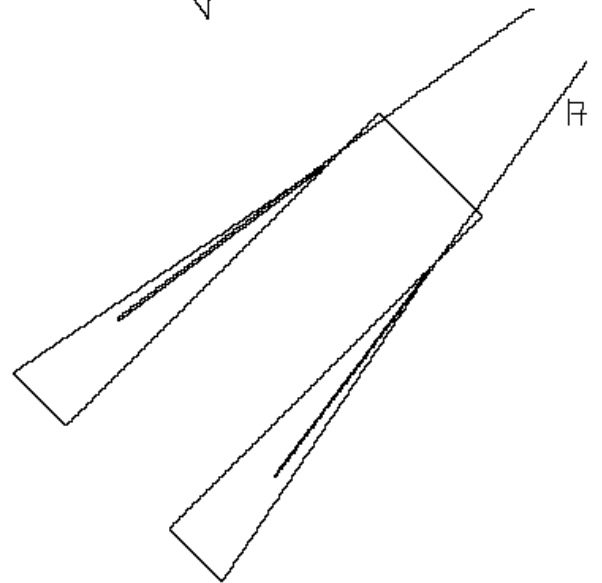
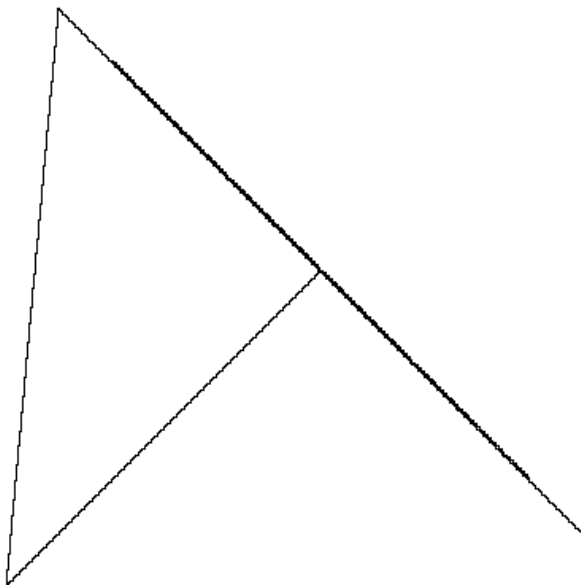
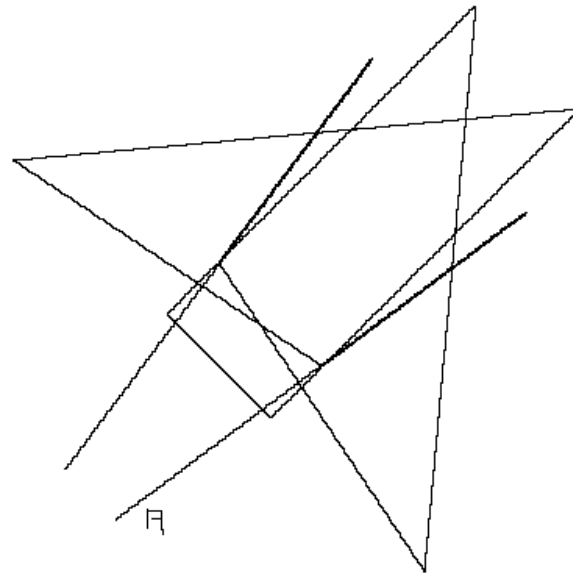
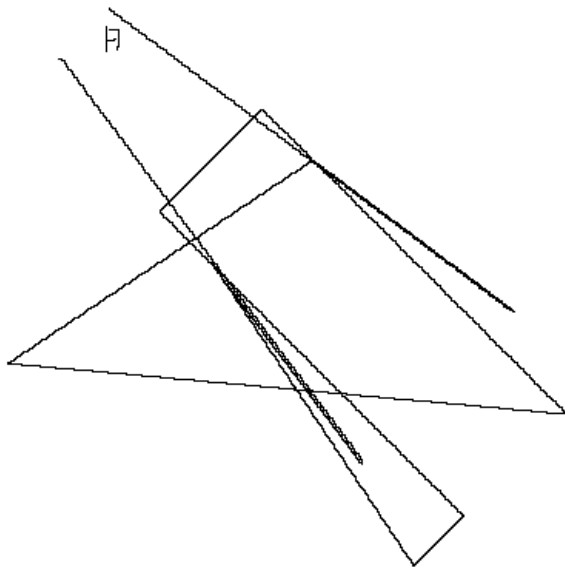
# A. Webern, Symphonie op. 21

1 4 3 2 6 5 11 12 8 9 10 7 (2 parts, Palindrome)



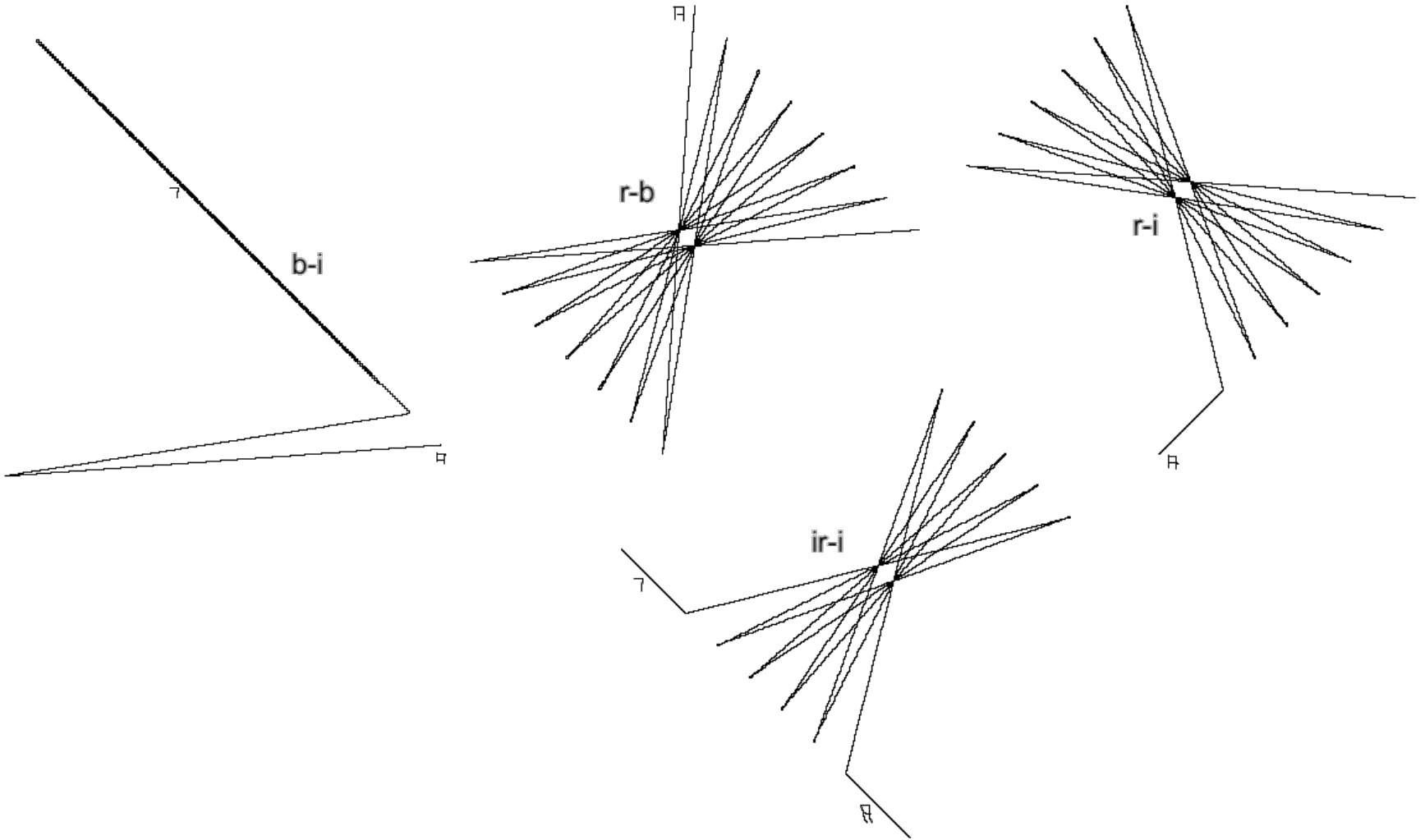
# A. Berg, Wozzeck

3 11 7 1 12 6 4 10 9 5 8 2



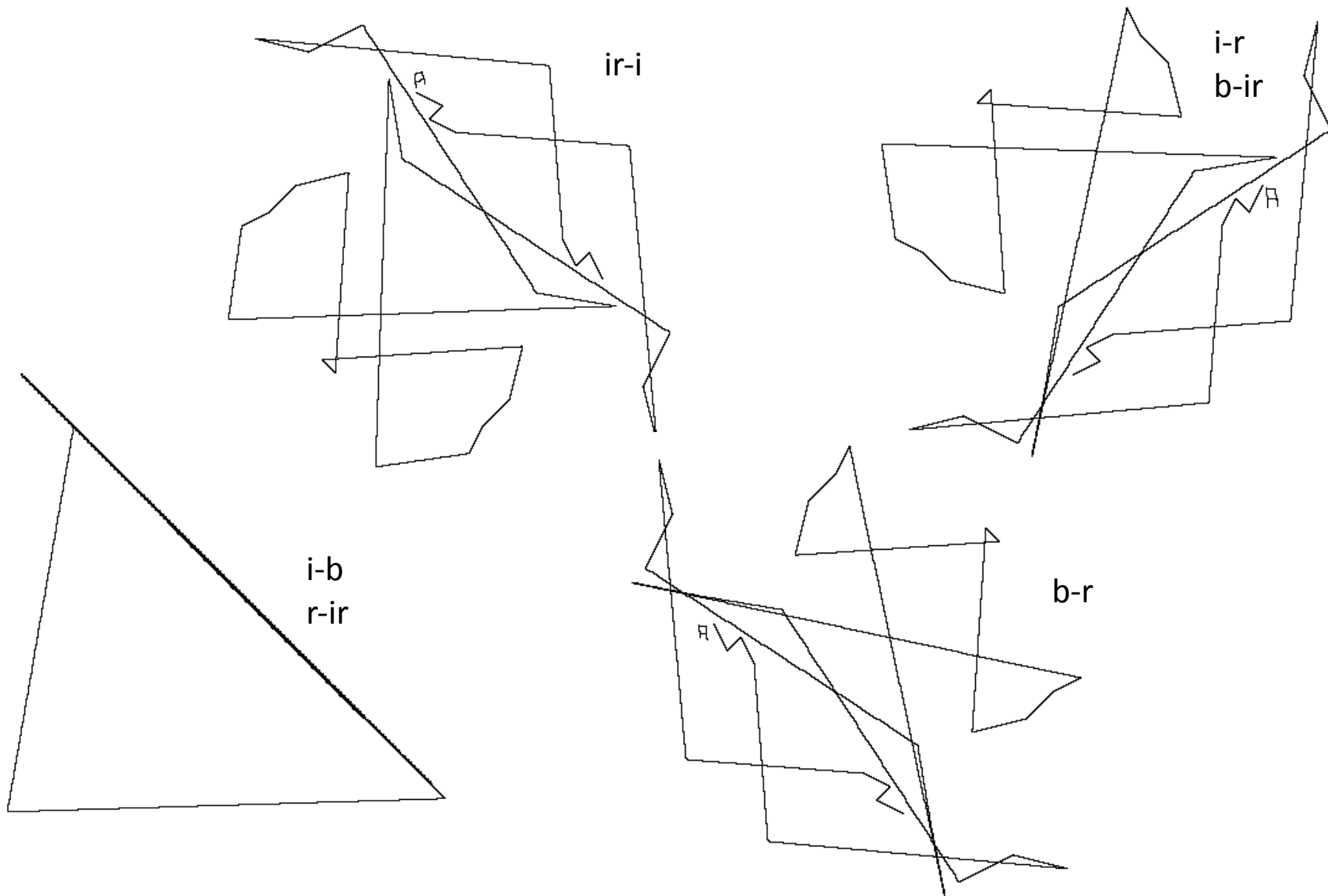
# Flip-Flop

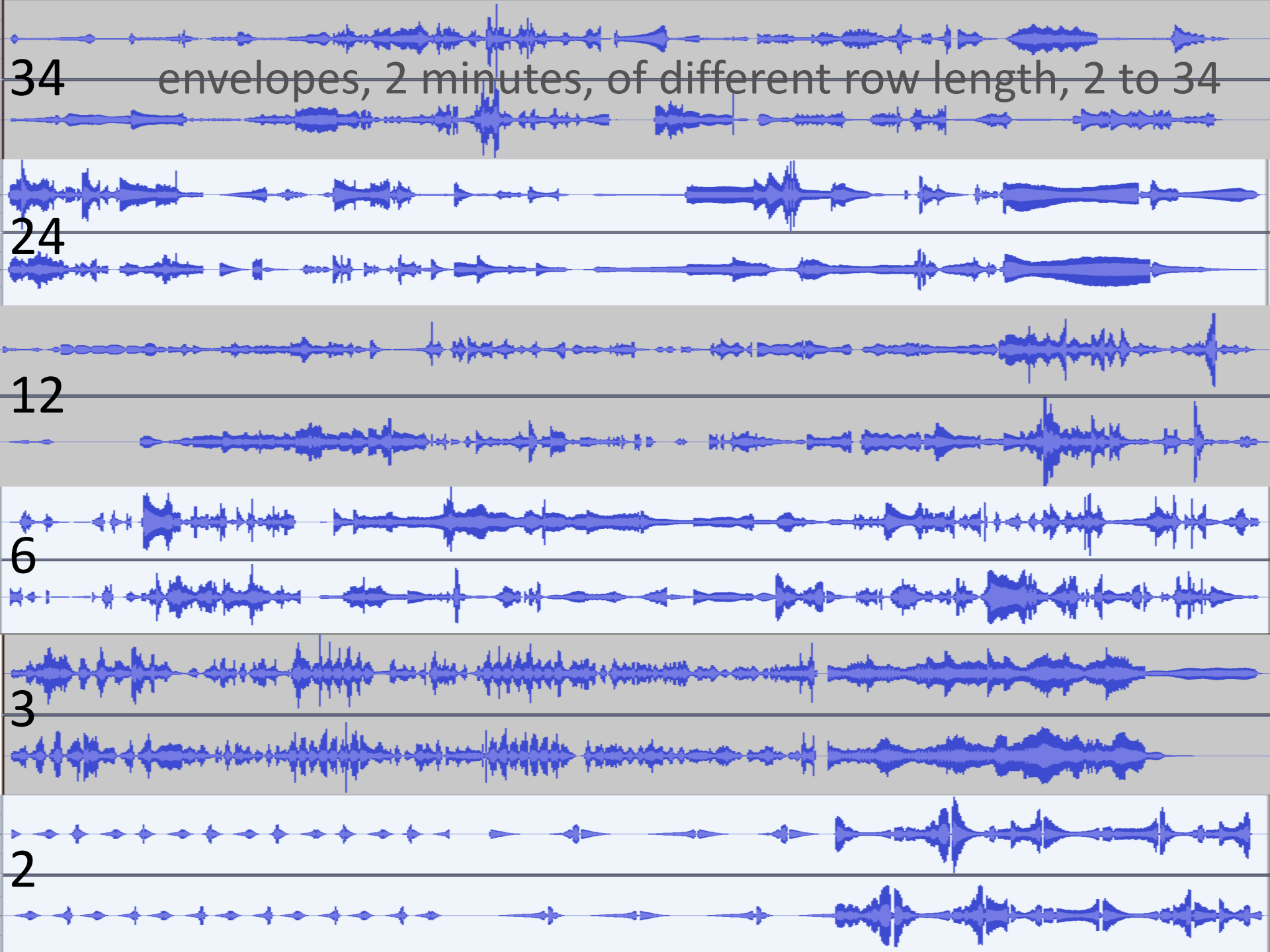
15 1 14 2 13 3 12 4 11 5 10 6 9 7 8 (N=15)



# row34

7 8 9 10 11 33 29 25 12 6 1 34 32 31 30 26 27 28 13 14 15 16 17 24 23 22 2 4 3 5 18 20 19 21







SpectralSpread

**34** spectralSpread (descriptor), 2 minutes, of different row length, 2 to 34

SpectralSpread

**24**

SpectralSpread

**12**

SpectralSpread

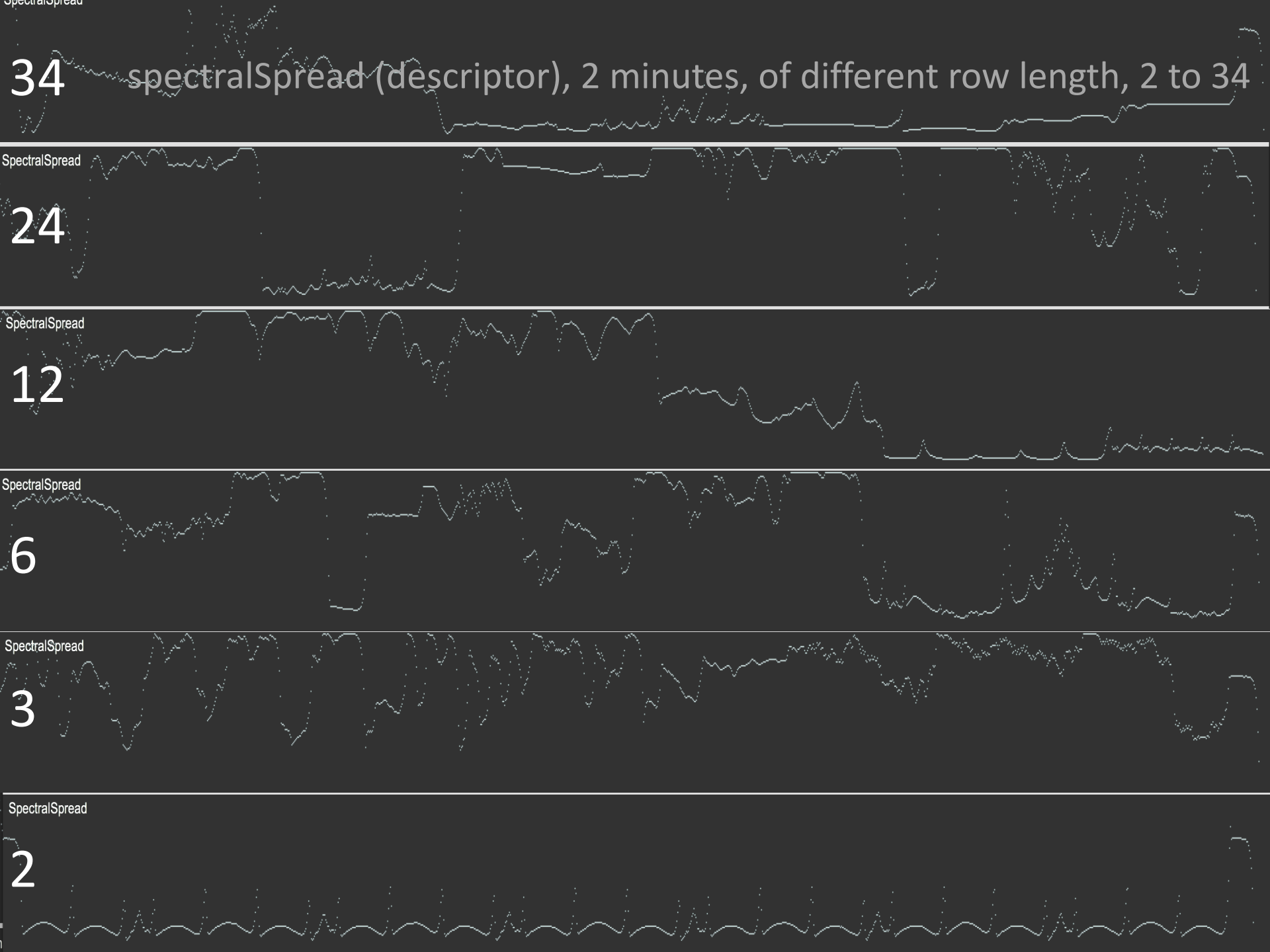
**6**

SpectralSpread

**3**

SpectralSpread

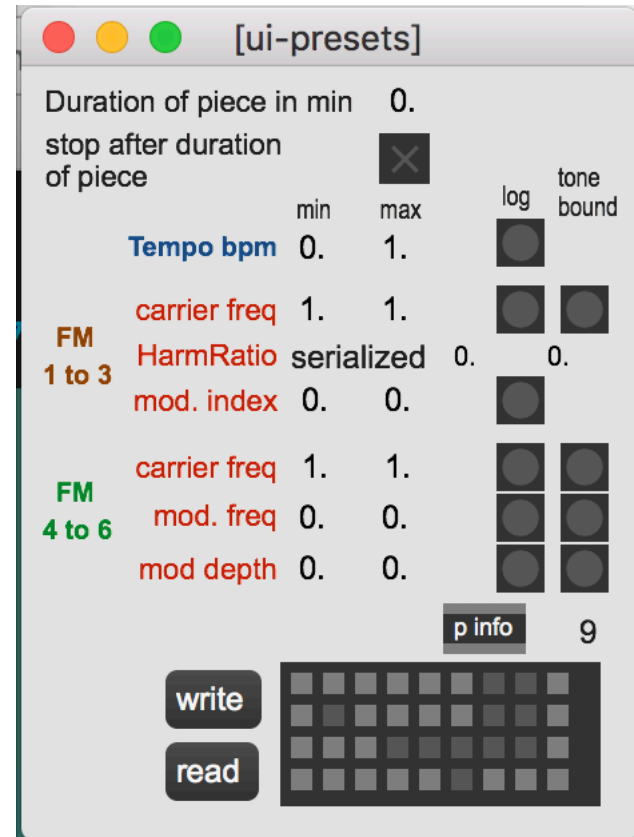
**2**



# how to compose

possibilities:

- developing a complete row
- defining the duration of the piece
- defining the range of tempi
- choosing the range of 5 parameters of FM generators



# statements (again)

- in this book, **Pierre Boulez** stated: “serialism was a tunnel of 2 years, to reach virgin soil”
- **Ligeti**: “... the more tight the net of operations with pre-ordered material, the higher the extend of levelling of the results.”
- **Lachenmann**: „... subordination of the expressive affects under the aspect of the structural idea ... because rigorous ordering systems have been dissolved the usual expressive effects a priori: quasi serialised it away.
- in the end: serialism is not to perceive, so, it sounds somehow random ...

—> does extended serialism  
extend also randomness un-expressiveness  
and down-levelling?

# concerning serialism

- Pierre Boulez
  - (in: Musikdenken heute 2): ... the global rhythm (of a composition) isn't anymore a periodic organisation with a certain timing but it's a ***statistics of coincidence provoked by structure-parallelism of different parameters.***

# conclusions

- there isn't anything in a series to anticipate or predict the resultant music
- more elements, more complex music!
- the tempo touches the abilities of perception: going faster, the awareness changes from distinct via chaotic to a sort of cloud feeling

# References

1. **Jungheinrich**, Hans-Klaus, Hg; ***Das Gedächtnis der Struktur. Der Komponist Pierre Boulez.*** Symposion, 19. 09. 2009. Edition: Neue Zeitschrift für Musik. Schott Music, Mainz (2010)
2. **Gärtner**, Susanne; **Pierre Boulez' Begegnung mit der zweiten Wiener Schule.** In: Das Gedächtnis der Struktur; s. o.
3. **Finnendahl**, Orm, Hg; ***Die Anfänge der seriellen Musik.*** Reihe: Kontexte, Beiträge zur zeitgenössischen Musik. Institut für Neue Musik, Berlin (1999)
4. **Priore**, Irna; ***Theories of histories of serialism: terminology, aesthetics, and practice in Post-War Europe – as viewed by Luciano Berio.*** Theoria 18. Made available courtesy of the University of North Texas (2011)
5. **Boulez**, Pierre; ***Musikdenken heute 2.*** Darmstädter Beiträge zur Neuen Musik VI, hrsgg. von Ernst Thomas, Mainz (1985)
6. **Ligeti**, György, 1958; ***Wandlungen der musikalischen Form.*** In: György Ligeti: Gesammelte Schriften, Bd.1, hrsgg. von Monika Lichtenfeld, Paul Sacher Stiftung, Basel (2007)
7. **Lachenmann**, Helmut; ***Komponieren im Schatten von Darmstadt.*** In: Helmut Lachenmann, Musik als existentielle Erfahrung. Breitkopf & Härtel, Wiesbaden (1996)